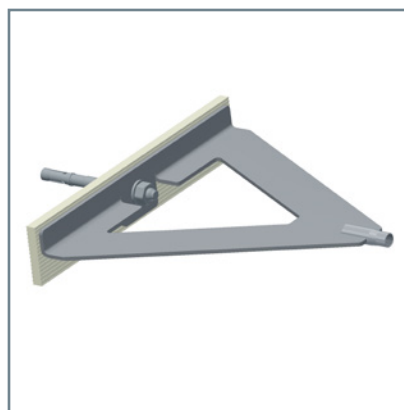
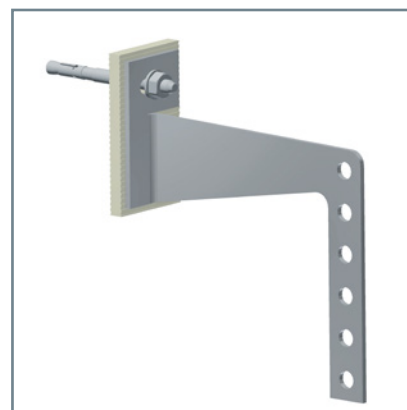


# MOSOTHERM

Thermal separation for facade systems

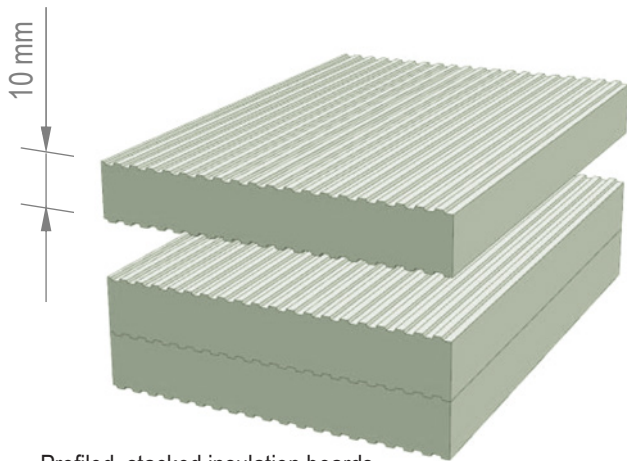


Application example:  
MOSO® scaffold anchor GA-Q

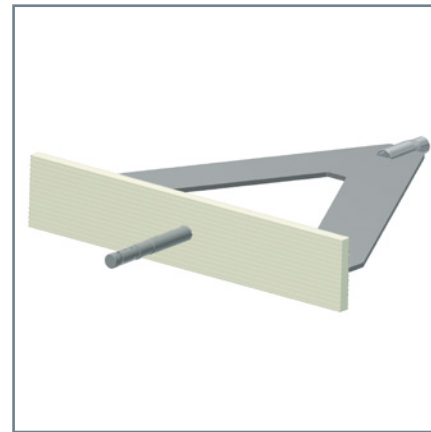


Application example:  
MOSO® support bracket EK-G

## Technical data sheet



Profiled, stacked insulation boards -  
available in board thickness of 5 mm and 10 mm



### Use and application of MOSOTHERM

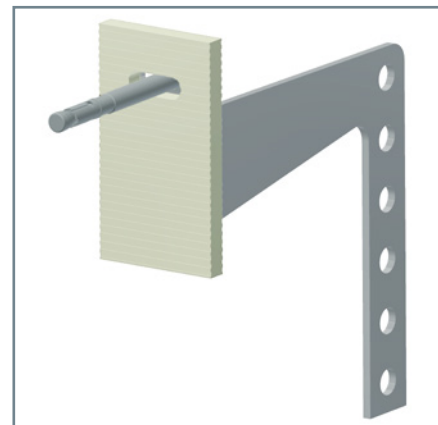
MOSOTHERM is an insulation system for the reduction of thermal bridges in the area of facade fixing systems. This can be realised by means of a creep and pressure resistant glass fibre reinforced plastic, with approval.

Due to the high strength of the material, there are also possibilities for other applications, e.g. the construction of pressure-resistant insulation levels in high load areas. Product studies on these and other application and areas of application are currently being initiated by W. Modersohn GmbH & Co. KG.

### Product-information MOSOTHERM

The following values were determined with a panel thickness of 10 mm.

- Material: Glass fibre reinforced plastic (GFK)
- Colour: GFK-nature
- Proportion of hollow glass beads in the resin: 40 Vol.-%
- Density: 1.250 kg/m<sup>3</sup>\*
- Water absorption: <5,0 % \*\*
- Thermal conductivity value: 0,14 W/mK \*\*\*
- Resistance: Frost and dew resistant \*\*\*\*
- Temperature range: +80°C bis -40°C \*\*\*\*
- Compressive strength: See table 1 \*\*\*\*
- Panel size: 4000/520/10 mm and 4000/520/5 mm  
(Cuts according to customer requirements)



### Performance features MOSOTHERM

Load type	Transmission	Load duration	Characteristic pressure load capacity $\sigma_{RK}$ [N/mm <sup>2</sup> ]	Rated value $\sigma_{RD}$ pressure load capacity $\sigma_{RK}/1,4$ [N/mm <sup>2</sup> ]
Pressure	full area	short	100	71,43
	□ 60x60 mm	long	50	35,71
	partial area Ø 10 mm	short	60	42,86
		long	30	21,43

Table 1

- \* Fluctuations of +/- 10 % possible due to fluctuations in raw materials
- \*\* Determined by investigations of fischerwerke GmbH & Co. KG
- \*\*\* Thermal conductivity value determined by the Fraunhofer Institute on behalf of Wilhelm Modersohn GmbH & Co. KG
- \*\*\*\* Preliminary figures according to the interim report of MPA Universität Stuttgart, Prof. Dr.-Ing. Hofmann of 10 April 2018